

The VVonders of this

windie winter.

By terrible stormes and temp-sts, to the losse of liues and goods of
many thousands of men, women and children.

The like by Sea and Land, hath not beene seene, nor heard of in
this age of the World.

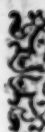
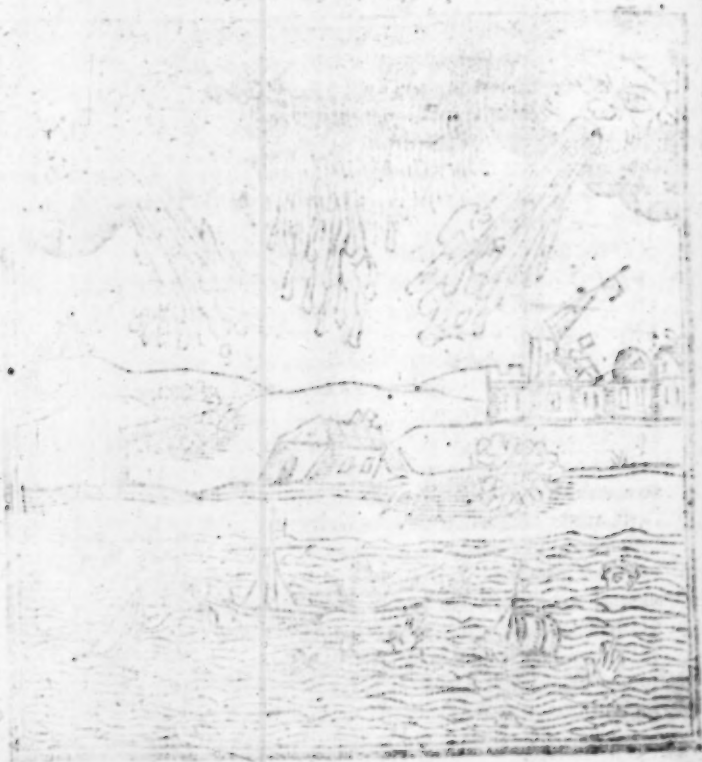


L O N D O N.

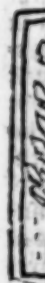
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The VVonders of this

windie winter



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Lamentable reports of this
windy Winter, contayning the wonderfull,
and strange miscchances happened by tempesti-
ous stormes of winde and weather, in these
*three forepassed months of October, Nouem-
ber and December, with part
of Ianuary.*



In this old, and last ago
of the World, we peer-
ly behold the strange
alterations of times &
seasons, and therein,
wee are put in minde
of Gods anger purpo-
sed against vs, by many
variable and vnusall
accidents, happening in
these our latter daies,
to moue sinful mankind to repentance and new-
nesse of life; which if we with the inward eyes of
vnderstanding, consider of in remoyse of conscience,
we shall finde that the heauy hand of heauen is lay-
ed violently vpon vs, as wel in taking away our
great hope, and earthly toy (Henry our Royall
Prince) as these our late lamentable miscchances by
winde and waters added to our sorowes, giuing
vs an outward calamity to our inward griefes,
Heauen, let vs not thinke amisse, if we should pre-

Lamentable reports.

sumptuously say it is for our sins & transgressions, and that they be forerunners of Gods restless indignation against vs; God of his great pittie be mercifull vnto vs and grant vs speedy repentance.

We haue within these few yeeres, as well within this our native countrey of England as in foraine nations, bene most grievously stroken with the bitter blasts of powerfull greatnes, one while with the darts of death, as by plagues & pestilence, continuing long amongst vs; another time by drie summers, and parching heates, droughts, & sweating sulphers drying by the moistures of the earth, to cause barrennesse with scarcety, then freezing and cold winters in more then vsuall extremity to annoy vs; another time by floods and overflowings of waters breaking from the boundes of the Seas, in which mercilesse element many hundreds haue perished and haue lost both life and goods, as the west parts of England, in the yeere of our Lord, 1607, can sufficiently witnesse: Fierie losses, by the lamentable burning of many Townes: strange sicknesses, by corruption of ayre: deare yeeres, by scarcety of victuall, and such like; all which be the consuming plagues of heauen, laid vpon the shoulders of the sinfull world, a burthen so easelisse that no release can come but by forgivenessse.

Like wise, deare countrey men of England, let vs now call to present memory another powerfull scourge laide vpon vs, a daily calamity, these late long continuing windes and tempests, which these three forsyassed Moneths hath, almost, euery day and night affrighted vs with feare (as it were) shaking the foundations of the ground, with roares in our eares like thunder, the terrible blasts whereof hath with such extremity continued, that they haue made many fearefull representations of
the

of this windie Winter.

the dreadfull trumpets of Gods wrath loudly bla-
 en from heauen to the earth; the furie thereof (by
 his diuine sufferance) hath mightily troubled (both
 sea and land) the Inhabitants of many countries,
 but especially our native Kingdome, to the losse of
 many thousands which haue lost both life and goods
 in this mostall miserie: therefore let vs say with
 the Wise-men; Vappie is hee that is so provided
 in life, that no kinde of death is sodaine vnto him,
 and let vs with patience take our deserued punish-
 ments, for the smallest breath of Gods nostrile, like
 a whirle wind, can destroy the tottering globe of the
 whole earth.

It is with sorrow remembred, and with grieffe
 reported in the Citie of London, euen vpon the ro-
 all Exchange, the honourable and worthy meeting
 place of Merchants; that within these three fore-
 passed Moneths of October, Nouember, and De-
 cember, the deuouring gulfs of the sea hath swallo-
 ed vp aboue two hundred saile of ships, as well of
 our owne Countrey, as of neighbouring Nations,
 with great store of passengers, sea-faring men, and
 owners of the same, aduenturing their deare liues
 in the managing of the aforesaid ships with all their
 goods, and merchandise making for our countrey,
 all lost; yea all, I say, in these three fore-passed mo-
 neths, hath ben lost and drenched in the deep banits
 of this watery world, a thing both lamentable and
 fearefull, that in so short a time; nay, in a small part
 of the yeare, euen in an instant, so many heaule mis-
 chances should happen, and so many worthy vessels
 of aduenture miscarrie, which had ben sufficient (if
 good speed had preuailed) to haue inricht a whole
 Citie and vttered a kingdome; but such is the will
 of God and such is his most iust indignation against
 vs.

Lamentable reports,

It moues my heart with remorse, to thinke how many people are vndone hereby, and how that some few particular men should suffer shipwreck, and by one robustious tempest bee depriued of that which might haue benefitted thousands, therefore be that will enter rightly into consideration hereof must needes acknowledge the case lamentable and the sorrow vnspeakable.

By certification from men of good account and calling, it is reported and knowne for truth, that in the month of October last, a fleet of foureteene sayles of ships making from New-Castle towards London, laden with sea-coale and other commodities of those parts, had their passage by the tyranny of the windes most vntimely stoppt, and violently cast into the Oceans wombe: in which ships there perished to the number of a hundred and fortie sea-faring men, besides other passengers, both of men and women, which at that time made their watery graves in the deepes sea: This, first stroke seare into the hearts of people, which hath been since seconded with many more calamities, which lieth heauie vpon the heart of the reporter.

The narrow seas betwixt Dover and Calice can witnes many like mishaps, for by letters sent vnto diuers great personages of the land, it is approved that vpon the coast of France, there hath been found floating, vpon the waters, in one weeke of fowle weather, aboue seauen hundred drowned persons of diuers nations, as of English, Dutch, French, and Spanish, with parts and parcels of many splitted ships, with great stoys of goods by the fury of the windes beat vpon the shoare, a sight of sorrow and most lamentable to behold: it is not as yet nearely knowne what riches the sea hath swallowed in these thre aforesayd monthes, nor what losses

of this windy Winter.

losses other Countries haue sustained, I leave me, the tenth part is not discovered, for God in his high displeasure, will threatens vs with this long lasting tempest, day by day sending vs sorrow upon sorrow, with hourly newes of shipwatches and losses at sea, the scattering of fleets by contrary winds and violent tempests, in one place ships cast away laden with cloath, in another, vessels of sale, some with one thing, some with another, all rich, and of too great a price to be thus suddenly wasted to the benefit of no creature.

Whetsoeuer upon our English coasts, more nere the West parts hath bene cast away, diuers other ships, coming from Spaine, where in one of them were knowne to be seventene passengers of good reckoning and calling, and some of them citizens of London, which were found dead floating on the waters, some upon planks of wood, peeces of masts and such like, which the fury of the winds and weather had splitted and torne in sunder, amongst this drowned number (being a sight of great griefe) there was taken by a woman, with a child closed to her breast, as it were suckling, also two other women, clasped together arme in arme, as it seemed, dying in each others bosoms.

It is also credibly reported, by the eye witnesses of this wofull accident, that by the Westerne seas, nere to the coast of Come-wal, a certaine shippe was discovered, enen sunke to the top of her maine mast, with some sixe or seue Captens, remaining in the top cradles to save their liues, but there escaping by water, they were starved to death with cold and want of food, and so found in a calme bay, by another ship aduenturing to preserve them, of pittifull report and full of heavinesse.

A number more of the like misfortunes hath lately

Lamentable reports; 70

happened by reason of these tempestuous winds, but especially to the sea-men, & such as haue committed themselves, their liues, & estates to the mercies of wind & weather, frō whom almost no other newes come, but reports of most dangerous escapes, terrible shipwacks, with losse of life & goods, the impo-
 rishing of marchants, the sinking of ships and such like: of which woful losses, many of our inhanding extorsioners, makes profit, rasing their merchant-like commodities, with other wares to high rates and prices, working a recoverable substance out of poore mens purses, carelesse of passed calamities, ob rone-
 tious dealers, oh lamentable hearing, when y hearts of people are thus hardened. God in his high power, puenent their purposes, & alay these great winds, & calling weather may comfort vs, and ad a forward willingnesse to al sea aduenturers, to continue their wonted profession, euen now (many of them) discouraged frō countries benefits, by reason of these long continuing tempests. Many more subjects of sorrow present themselves befoze vs, and fill our eares with losse vpon losse, to the heart griefes of all good minds, so; this watery kingdome, this vnassisted gulfe, hath clasped into her bosom, to the vndoing of many thousands, a number of hoies, barks & vessels, such as aduentured out for fish, herrings, oylers & such sea victual, into the North seas, and haue there suffered shipwack, and diued the Deans bottomes past the recovery of man & helpe of the world.

It hath ben certified for a truth, to some of the greatest statemen of the Land, that betwixt April & Chyristmas last, the seas haue deuoured 7000. and od people of their liues and that at London, and in the coast townes of England, nere the sea side there are knowne to be foure & some hundred sea-faring mens widowes, beside sotherlesse chil-

of this windy Winter.

men, & children fatherlesse. Therefore let al tender hearted people say, with me, that these thre months haue bin times of heavinesse, yea times of greatest grief, when the owners of shippes and the goods therein, for which they haue labored many a long yere, & travelled for in many a weary winter, to be thus in one tempest cast away and lost; and themselves (though escaping life) with their wives and children brought to poverty: how can we chuse, but with eyes of pittie, & with tear bestained cheekes, being men, much more Christians, but relent at our neighbors losses, and participate with them in mone.

Let vs (oh my deere countrymen of England) make our petition to God, that he would alay this windy instrument of his wrath, & al other his angers opposed against vs for our sinnes, and confesse that our transgressions euen stink in the nostrils of his divine Majesty: he is merciful, and sends vs daily (as we see) examples both by Sea and Land to win vs from wickednesse.

If we cast but our eyes, vpon the City of London and the townes and villages neere vnto the same, we may behold the fury of his high offended power in witnessing the spoiles of stately houses, and the high turrets of great personages, by these vnruly winds defaced, and as it were, in their greatest pride tozned in sunder.

Like vpon the dwellings of many worthy Citizens of this City, & we shal see that God is angry, by the vntwisting of these powerfull windes, and by suffering them terribly, to vncouer their stately Archytectures, vntopping their peiring pinickles, blowing downe whole sides of houses, yet for all this many of them are merciles, regarding nothing at all the strangenesse of these accidents, nor the fearefulness of these times and seasons, but

accounts them natural, common, and usuall; more like unto Atheists, then Christians; but, oh you temporizing naturallists, except you repent, full bins of Gods wrath will be poured downe vpon your heads, and all your temporal purposes brought to nothing.

Likewise, let vs settle, before our eyes, and in our present remembrance, these following examples of Gods power, which with the breath of his mouth workes wonders, these following examples, I say, by these late tempestuous winds done in diuers shiers of England, & we shal thinke the marueilous: was it not a strang accident that a flock of sheepe, belonging to a Farmer in Lincoln-shire, were vnto the towne of Boston, named George Kidman, should by the aforesaid winds in one night, be driuen twenty miles and more, and then blown into a part of the sea and there drowned; herein was not the winde powerful: yes, yes, so powerful, and strong, that it euen confunds human reason to consider of. It is also reported by letters, directed to diuers Citizens of London, that in the same County of Lincolne, a heard of beasts by violence of the wind and weather, this very last month of December, were driuen into a Feney Park; and there most strangely stifeled with dirt and water, the owners of these beasts, are certaine substantiall yemen, whose names, to cut off tedious descriptions, for this time I omit.

The wind as we may best vnderstand is strong & irresistible, by some supposed to be a spirit, compassing the world (by Gods suffrages) to wash waters, but in my opinion it is an aery instrument of vncertainty, appointed by heauen for the vse of Gods creatures, which brings vs many times much blessing, and purifies the earth from diuers

corrupt

of this winter: Winter.

corruptions, but at this time for our sakes we have
been therewith much annoyed; as it hath been
described both by sea and land; the violence thereof
hath caused much hurt in divers countries; by rais-
ing of waters, and swelling up of the floods; and such
like: by which means Travellers are hindered of
their journeys; and many thereby spoiled by ad-
venturing.

As for example, upon the Wednesday before
Christmas last; a man & his wife riding over Spa-
den-ham bridge both upon a horse, by the fierceness
of the wind were blowne downe; and there lay downe
both horse and all. God be merciful unto vs, and pre-
serve vs from all such like mischances.

The like mishap befell us Monday last, unto
two Yorkshire men; as it is written by some Gen-
tlemen of the Times of Court, and Chancery, which
knew the parties; the one of them a Carrier, named
Francis Whotone, the other a Clothier, called Wil-
liam Smith; both dwelling in a Towne neere
Wharfedale; called Thotby; which two Coun-
trie men falling out by an small occasions, wilfully
purposed to come up to London, and there put their
Causes of themselves to the Lawes: but yet
notwithstanding came they by together; where, in
riding over a Bridge about Bedfordshire, and con-
ferring of their inward grudges, they were blowne
both beside into the River; where, by the fierceness
of the windes they were most lamentably drowned,
both horse and men: and thus by Gods death en-
ded their malice; to the feare and amazeement of all
such as well could witnes their mischievous proceedings;
these, and such like accidents may be fearful exam-
ples for the world to behold, especially for rich men,
leaving to them the certaintie of life and goods sub-
iect to the chaunces of death and fortune: accord-

Lamentable reports,

ding to the saying of a worthy philosopher,^{Quintus}
Full hede thinks the man at morning Sun,^{and}
What hap to him befalls ere day be done.^{and}

Wherefore, let vs pray for gods success in all our
businesses; guided and accompanied with the bless-
ings of heauen, and then no doubt but better chance
will betide vs then these thoo malicious country-
men had in their iourney.

We haue yet more notice, (gentle Reader) of
other sorrowfull discourses to relate of, which well
may boget your sad entertainment, and possesse your
hearts with remorse, for they be strange and terrible
full, and in the eare of the hearer full of dole.

Let vs now passe into the middle parts of Shires
of England, and tel what mischances there hapned,
the thre Shires of Salawich, Worcester, and North-
hampton (I meane) where the inhabitants thereof,
with stocks and ricks of hey, pease, and beanes vs-
bually (in winter times) sud and fatten they, and
swine, those countrymen (the more iustly grieu'd to
report) by these aforesaid tempests haue endured
much losse, for many of their shep and swine haue
ben smothered vnder the ricks and stacks blowne
down by the winds, besides barns and stables with
many husbandly houses torne and incouered wth
thatch by the same: Likewise the dwellings of co-
men, farmers, & laboring plowmen in those coun-
tries, haue bin ouerturned with the rage of this tem-
pestuous commander, wel may we therefore if we
consider al these things arightly call this the blacke
fatal winter of mishaps, in which time many bur-
thens of sorrow be laid vpon our contrie, God be our
comfort: for alas, alas, the aforesaid raging winds
in diuers other Shires of England haue beaten down
a number of houses, dispearing the substances of the
poore owners, where many of them perished in pre-
ser,

turning the substance from the fall of their houses;

Yet let us in no question but that God is merciful and hath plunged some few with the loss of life and goods (if it be possible) to call others to amendment of life; Therefore above all things let us take heed, that long escapes of punishment, or the vain hopes of long life do not delude us, and make us still run into our sins without hope of return.

But to our lamentable narration againe, many the like strange events, fell out in other countries and parts of the kingdom; as for example, in 1673. they sleepers in a part of Salisbury Plains, in the west of England can witness, who in a most tempestuous day, as it is well knowne in the beginning of December, betook themselves to a Cabin or Caver in the ground for shelter (as there be many in those places) where, by the fury of the storm, the roof was then blowing in greatest extremity, the earth rived, and was come by by reason of the hollownes thereof, under the which they were inclosed, and so pressed to death, from the like squalls and good Lord have us.

It is also known for certainty, that nere unto the Towne of Causby in Oxfordshire, a little before Christmas last, two young scholars coming from school the sonnes of a wealthy Merchant there dwelling, were by these terrible tempests both blown into a saw-pit, (by reason of this wet winter filled up with dirt and water) and there most lamentably drowned and choaked to death: oh how full and pittifull hearing! especially for the Parents of children, and such as have the tender feeling of lone and nature, that two sweet boies brought up by cost and care, should be thus and in this manner cast away.

Another sorrowfull relation, must I here present unto your hearing, which hapned in the Gallies parts

parts of South Hamptonshire, of a wind-mill, which
as well by the negligence of the miller, as the violent
force of the wind, causing the mill-wheels to erre out
their shafts and staves, was thereby wanting graine
to grinde; by the which stones set on fire, being in the
night, the staves and spirals thereof by the fierce
winde were blowne a long mile off, (as it pleased
God) quight ouer a village into a rick of pease;
where setting the same on fire it was soonly con-
sumed, with fifty fat sheethes feeding thereat; the
rage and extremity of these two great oppressors,
the fire and the winde, so preuailed, that not one
man durst adventure the saving thereof; and I haue
heard it reported by vniuersall in that Countrey that
the consumed killes and sheep, belonged to an extor-
ting centurion, a ruler of cheape markets, and a
hoarder up of toyme from poore people: here was
the powerfull hand of God shewed. Heauen heerein
was iust, which would not let such wicked men go
unpunished; God grant that hereby all the like do-
ers may take example, and turne their hearts,
that they may bee mercifull to them that stand in
need.

Turne now but our eyes more nearer London,
e we may behold the hand of Heauen lifted against
vs many waies, yea vnto waies by these last galls
of kindred temples for our wickednes, as by trees
come up by the roads; standing before in all winde
weather safe and sound for these two hundred yers
past.

Also, the noble City of London it selfe can wit-
nes much hurt that is come thereby, as diuers peo-
ple soe bruised and maimed by falls of chimnies,
corners and sides of houses, the blowing downe of
styles and such like.

The very River of Thames, is also a president
hereof

of this windie Winter.

hereof, where by the rigorous strength of the windes
the water (with the tyde flowing over-Barre) made
a most dangerous breach over the banks into the
Medowes & Parishes by Stratford le Bow, & Ham,
where many thousand acres of faire grounds are
quite over-flowne and drowned, to the great hurt
and hindrance of many the Inhabitants of London,
as those Townes therabouts, the recovery whereof,
by men of such understanding, will cost much time,
with inualluable sums of money, to the great griefe
and care of many hundreds.

The like hindrance though not in that kinde, be-
fell vnto diuers Citizens of London in October
last, of whom I knowe some now dwelling in St.
Sepulchers parish without New-gate, whose
names for god cause I omit, who being at sailing
home faire in Kent, where dispatching their busi-
nesse, and sending their goods and wares up to-
wards London in a small Bark or Ship, were most
lamentable sunk and cast away in the reach out a-
gainst Barking in Essex.

In the same County, at Essex, at Ilford where
a Gentlemans house standeth brancie built with a
high turret leached over, had the top and leads ther-
on blowne off, and by the windes tured by into a
round ball, which to all eyes seeme many times
strange, that the windes should be of so great a
force to remove so weighty a substance, as that mat-
ter is knowne to be of.

From hence, if ever but hearken eares to the
Sea side, and at most of our coast Townes, we
shall heare no other reports but of shipwrecks and
of many people in great numbers taken by, and
as it is reported by some of great credit, that at
one time of late of England, there hath bene at
one certaine time a whole Cartload of drowned
men

Lamentable reports

men carried from the sea side
 By what hearing by sea and land spectate
 it strikes my very soule with feare to tell it; in
 many places where I have bin I have heard bitter
 complaints made, some by fathers for their lost chil-
 dren, some by children for their lost fathers, which
 the sea hath buried by in watery graves, women for
 husbands, brother for brother, and friend for friend;
 sorrow is on every side, and all wrought by these
 late outrageous tempests, neuer the like in this our
 sinfull age of the world.

But againe to our purpose, another accident
 comes to my mind, which is requisite and fit to be
 reported for the strangenesse thereof, for it brgets
 cause of heaviness: a certaine ship of London, laden
 with rich commodities of vners Merchants of this
 honorable City, making for the East countries, and
 setting forth before Michalmas last, hath ever since
 (by tempestuous and cruell winds) bene tossed by
 and bowne the narrow seas, some time upon one
 coast, sometime upon another; thus driven from place
 to place in great danger, no way able (by reason of
 contrarie gales) to finish their intended voyage, but
 are now at last cast backe upon our stone shore,
 where the winds are tossed againe to re-vertuall
 their way to their great sorrow and paine, a charge
 lying so heauie upon some mens backs; but God is
 mercifull, and leneth these afflictions to try the pa-
 tience of his servants, whose losses no doubt but
 he will recompence with a threefold increase of plenty-
 full blessings.

Thus by degrees we enter into too, after too
 where the reports of one mischance, hath wrought an
 indignation to another, either in danger by sea, or
 land, upon land, where as our hearts dwelt upon
 the sea, in some of these things, and some in these

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occasion to intermingie contrary to true methode in
 writing, but not to be tedious, this most Excellent
 you of, that there is an illidge upon their exchange
 among Merchants, of the overflawing & drowning
 of townes in the Low-countries, where many peo-
 ples have perished in their own houses, by the
 merrells sea, driven in by these late winds, & a
 heart breaking actoes: especially in that country
 people there boine, and here dwelling in London, in
 this sodaine manner to heare of the sad fawell of
 their friends and kindred, thus to lose their deare
 times.

It is certessed likewise that the famous City of
 Antwerpe that flour of Brabant for serious busi-
 nings hath had grent spoiles by this wind and wa-
 ter, and that part of that worthy city is overflow-
 ed thereby, to the impouerishing of many Mer-
 chants, whose factories be here resident in England,
 but because soe many reports doe not much concerne
 our business, we will shew this our toling with
 our home biew and salutes.

The towne of Dover here in Kent, can well declare
 the powerful strength of these winter winds,
 where from time to time, is violently cast out of the
 seas whole sheldes and heaves of land and stone,
 with many other things to the great wonder of the
 inhabitants: those that durst adventure to stand op-
 on the shore side, in the summe of any of these tem-
 pests, do behold strange battles, betwixt the wind
 and waters, where as it seemed, waves like moun-
 taines, ran in the land, and the whole sea appea-
 red like a fiery world, all sparkling red, such was it,
 and so terrible, that it even frighted the careful
 shipmen, to looke upon the hatches.

The county of Kent hath borne a pittifull share of
 these late winckes, speares, and hath received as

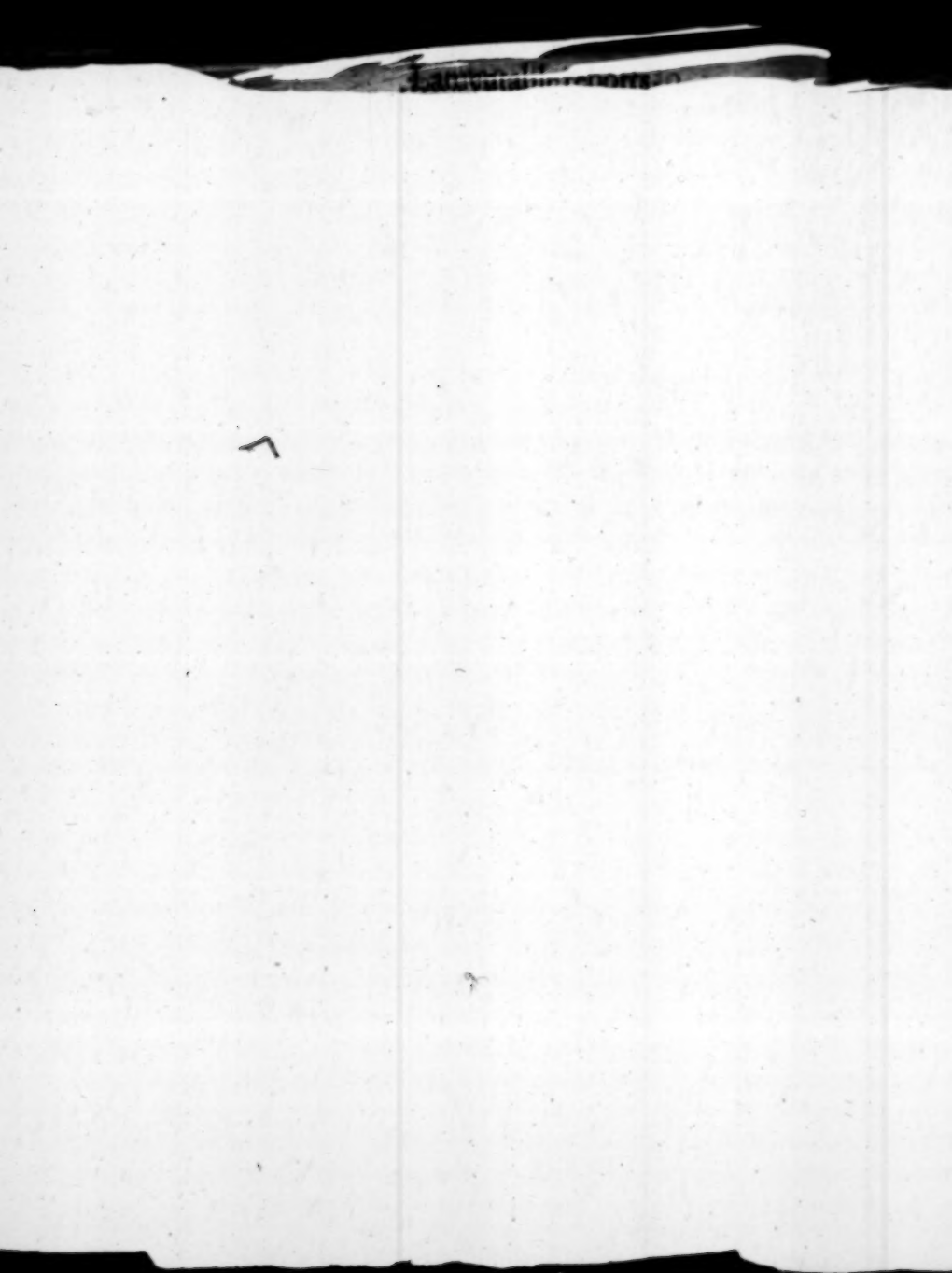
Lamentable reports;

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much losse as any one country beside: amongst many other hurts there happened, this one here followeth. wil I make knowne as a thing both strange and fearful. About some foure miles from Canterbury, at a towne called Great Chart, vpon Saint Johns day last, being Sunday, in the time of Evening prayer, the Church being full of people, arose a most terrible tempest of lightning, wind, and thunder, raging extremely, to the great affright of man, woman and child there remayning, in the midst of which feare, brake into the Church a most ugly shape out of the ayer like vnto a broad eyd bul; and dashed the Minister booke out of his hand, with which blowe the same arme and hand was broken lame and black, wherupon the whole audience so fearefully pressed one vpon another to get sooth that many were hurt and almost dyed to death, amongst which number a Wyllow was quite slaine, by the fright of this mishapen spirit, for so was it thought to be, which without doing further hurts banished away, taking with it a part of the Church wal, leaving the whole assembly lying almost one thered one vpon anothers back. It is not for vs may take, to iudge the same hereof, but this is reported of the same towne of Chart, the parishioners haue an euil custome among them, for continually, be it either in seruice or sermon time, they wil stand in troupes of foure or fve in a company in diuers parts of the Church, conferring & talking of worldly affairs, not regarding at al the words of the Minister, but rather behaue themselves as it were in a faire or market, to the great grieve of each well disposed Christian, preparing himself to the seruice of Almighty God, vnder whose shield we ought to make our defence, against the temptations of the Prince of darkenesse. And now to draw nere vnto
a con

of this windy Winter.

a conclusion, I thinke it not impertinent, nor unfitting to ad vnto these our feareful discourses in like manner a terrible tempest of wind and thunder that happened nere vnto the towne of Nottingham as it is recorded by I. S. a Citizen of London, and knowne for a troth of the inhabitants there now. This miraeulous tempest in great fury, the wind outragiously blowing, came thundering thorough two towne, and beate downe many houses with part of both the Churches, the one of them a bilage nere vnto the foresaid towne of Nottingham called Wacton adioyning to the River of Trent, which had their bels cast to the out side of the Church-yard, and some webs of lead foure hundred foote into the field withen like vnto a paier of gloues: the River of Trent running betwene the two towne, had the water with the mud in the bottom, carried a quarter of a mile, and cast against trees, and the trees toyme by by the rootes, and cast twelue score off: also a child was taken soorth of a mans hand two speares length high, carryed a hundred foote from him, and then let fall, and so died: also five or six men therabout dyed by this tempest: God be mercifull and grant vs patience in such like extremities, many other strange accidents there hapned as then, of the truth wherof let no man doubt, for of the same there is sufficient prooffe, and will be verified, if occasion serue, God with his outstretched arme defend and keepe vs from the like death as many unhappely haue here in our Country both by sea and land talled, and grant that wee may seriously to our owne goods beare in remembrance all these forepassed reports, that they may put vs in minde to shunne the wayes of the wicked, for all these related calamities



Lamentable reports.

have bene laid upon vs for our finnes, we see
how our good Father is loath to chide vs too sore-
ly, and unwilling to strike vs too terribly, therefore
let these passed warnings move vs to good
life, which God for his chosen sake
grant. Amen.

FINIS.

